

No direct wire has prevailed to coast since yesterday morning, due to California storm damage.

THE BISBEE DAILY REVIEW

MEMBER ASSOCIATED PRESS.

Dispatches indicate improved conditions and preparations for return of Porfirio Diaz to Mexico.

VOLUME 15.

BISBEE, ARIZONA, WEDNESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 26, 1913.

NUMBER 35.

TAFT IDEA OF BUDGET PRESENTED

Much Discussed and Long Looked for Measure Comes Before Congress with His Recommendation.

PROBABLY LAST BIG OFFERING FROM HIM

Does Not Expect Action But Asks Consideration—Much Light on Government Conduct.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—President Taft today sent to congress his much discussed "budget" message. He recommended the adoption of a budget system of relating proposed expenditures to expected revenues and declared that congress would be greatly benefited by having before it such a statement before it began the annual grind upon appropriation bills. The United States, the president wrote, was the only great nation in the world which did not use the budget system and in consequence it "may be said to be without plan or program." He indicated that owing to the late day at which he was able to transmit his message he expected little legislation on the topic from the present congress.

The president took full responsibility for the message upon himself. Congress in the last sundry civil bill directed the secretary of the treasury to submit estimates hereafter in the old way. Mr. Taft pointed out, however, that he had directed the secretary of the treasury to agree with the directions of congress and also to send to him information for a budget message. He referred congress also to the portion of the constitution which requires him from time to time to recommend such measures as he shall deem necessary and expedient.

Some of the advantages of the budget as pointed out by the president were:

A means of locating responsibility for estimates in keeping with revenues.

A means of allowing congress to see how much money it will have to spend before it begins appropriating for each department or detail of government machinery.

Because it would furnish congress and the public with ready reference to reports and detailed records of account.

Because it would produce an adequate organization for assembling and classifying information to be used in telling the country what has been done and of the government's future needs.

To aid in working with a well defined purpose inquiry bureaus hitherto organized, but directed under an inconsistent and ill-defined program.

To cancel the nation's debt, through a sinking fund and to eliminate the deficit, which is slowly growing.

To carry out the budget plan, to reduce the deficit and the fixed charges against the government the president proposed:

To create a sinking fund commission to consist of the chairman of the finance committee of the senate; the chairman of the house ways and means committee; the attorney general and the secretary of the treasury, with the comptroller of the treasury as annual auditor of the sinking fund account. Legislation which would wipe out the national debt in twenty years after July 1, 1914, congress should set aside \$45,000,000 annually for that purpose. That would be \$15,000,000 a year less than the present amount required by law. That fund should be invested in three per cent government bonds and in twenty years the \$1,000,000,000 debt, the president says would be retired.

The adoption of a definite theory is recommended for future proposals for internal improvements so that such improvements would be in accord with a well thought out plan. In that connection the president suggested the saving of the rent paid in Washington for buildings used by the government through the construction of new buildings to cost about \$100,000,000 to be paid for through a period of 25 years.

"Briefly stated," wrote the president, "my suggestion is that the government first plan for its land purchases, buildings and public works, then borrow the money to acquire and to construct them, proportioning the cost over a period of 25 years, and making the bonds issued to meet the

(Continued on Page 5)

MEXICO IS NOW QUIET IN SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA IS DELUGE

Except for Shooting of Another Madero and the Burning of an American Smelter and Hold-up of an American Manager, All Is Quiet on the Other Side, If Incidentals Are Omitted in Calculation

ZAPATA AMBUSHES TRAIN--AND OTHER THINGS

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—The administration is taking a much more hopeful view of the outlook in Mexico. This was reflected at a cabinet meeting today when all recent dispatches for Ambassador Wilson and American consuls were discussed.

The conclusion was reached that nothing remains to be done in view of the excellent disposition professed towards Americans by Huerta. The only threat of serious trouble came from the consul at Ciudad who reported that Col. Jesus Carranza, brother of the governor of Coahuila had arrived with an armed band of 200 men with intention of establishing headquarters in Monclova.

A band of 68 bandits sacked and partially burned the property of the American Smelters Securities near Villardena Sunday night and the American manager attacked and beaten, saved his life only by the payment of \$500 to his assailants. The consul at Durango further reports 200 volunteers have deserted from the Torreon garrison, presumably to fight against the new government. He says that bridges on the Mexican railroad are burned to the north and south of Torreon between that city and Saltillo. Although there is some increase in brigandage around San Luis Potosi the roads are operating south and east from that section. Hermosillo remains quiet except for the excitement of sensational rumors that have reached the capital.

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 25.—Emilio Madero, was shot and killed north of Monterrey, according to reliable information received here tonight.

The rebels in the north, with their center Coahuila, and the Zapatistas in Mexico are the two chief revolutionary zones that the new government has to contend with.

In the north the government has closed the port of Laredo, while the rebels have cut the railway lines at a number of points near to Luis Potosi.

In the south Zapatistas have cut the railway not far from the capital and have entered on a systematic campaign of destroying all the railway lines in the state. The government has sent troops south from Cuernavaca.

TOO MEET OROZCO

EL PASO, Feb. 25.—Fifty Mexican political refugees boarded a special train for Mexico City here tonight. Col. David de la Fuente, chief of staff of the Salazar rebel army, said that the train will be met at Amudama, between Juarez and Chihuahua, by General Pascual Orozco, Jr., the missing chief of the northern revolution.

GONZALES ON TRIAL

Faces Execution On Charge of Plot To Blow Up Federal Barracks

EL PASO, Feb. 25.—Abraham Gonzales deposed governor of Chihuahua is being tried by court martial, charged with a revolutionary plot in which it is alleged, an attempt was to have been made to dynamite barracks at Chihuahua where hundreds of federal soldiers are quartered. If convicted, execution is expected.

Federal volunteers, ex-insurrecto troops of the Madero revolt appear resigned to Huerta, although declining further service under arms. Irregular soldiers at Juarez were offered today a chance to either join the regulars or give up their arms and return home. Almost to a man they stacked arms. In a speech, Col. Manuel Landa explained that the usefulness of the corps had passed. Aside from the uprising of the volunteer garrison at Saiz the irregulars are quiet in other parts of the state.

TO TEXAS CITY

CHICAGO, Feb. 25.—Major General Carter and staff left tonight for Texas City, Texas, where he will take charge of 1400 soldiers assembled there.

CHARTER BOARD ORGANIZES

Will Meet This Evening to Start Douglas Work in Earnest

DOUGLAS, Feb. 25.—The new charter board, recently elected, organized today with Dr. F. T. Wright, chairman, W. M. Adamson, vice chairman, Dr. Greene, secretary, Rose, Stacy and Hamill were named a committee on rules and order of business. The board will meet tomorrow evening at which time it is expected that its work will be formally launched.

CONGRESS ADJOURNS WITHOUT TAKING ACTION

HERMOSILLO, Feb. 25.—The state congress adjourned this afternoon without date. Huerta's followers are credited with accomplishing the adjournment. The latter was brought about before any action had been agreed upon by either house of congress. Considerable bitterness prevailed between the different factions, neither of which cared to risk a test of strength on a vote.

CUNNINGHAM VS. COSTELLO

Suit Against Costello Estate for Half Million Is Now Near Decision in Superior Court

VERDICT ON THURSDAY

What was the last hearing in the case of Mrs. W. P. Cunningham against the estate of the late Martin Costello in which she sues for half a million dollars, was had yesterday in Tombstone before Judge Smith, of the Yavapai county superior court.

The court yesterday denied this motion, at least for the present and after some oral agreement by the attorneys for the defense asked that the case be reopened for the purpose of admitting additional evidence. The court yesterday denied this motion, at least for the present and after some oral agreement by the attorneys for the defense asked that the case be reopened for the purpose of admitting additional evidence.

The attorneys attending the session of the court yesterday were Ellwood and Ross, of this city and Joseph Scott, of Los Angeles, for Costello and Eugene S. Ives, of Tucson and Roy Morfoot, for the plaintiff. The late George Neale was the leading counsel for the plaintiff in this case and his last work was in preparation of briefs after the trial of the case last October.

TELEGRAPH BRIEFS

German aviator falls 200 feet and is killed. Winnipeg, Can., fire destroys entire block at loss of \$300,000. "Jack" De Rogier, motor cycle speed record holder, is dead.

THE WEATHER.

ARIZONA—Cloudy, probably snow in north portion Wednesday.

MENINGITIS CHECKED

REPORT AT TUCSON

No Recent Cases and Every Effort Is Put Forth to Check Epidemic

TUCSON, Feb. 25.—There have been no developments in the spinal meningitis situation in the city. Up to Monday evening no additional cases had been discovered, and Orion Bartlett, the one patient, was improving. The high school, the one place where cases appear to have developed, has been thoroughly fumigated. The university has been quarantined and theaters will remain closed and all public gatherings discontinued until it appears safe to allow freer intercourse.

All persons have been refused admission to the university grounds, unless on the most urgent. By order of Dr. A. H. Wilde. Classes are in session for students on the campus, but no others will be admitted until further notice.

At the high school several students applied for their books, but they were not allowed to take them home. A complete fumigation with formaldehyde was made. A number of children also appeared at the public schools, apparently not knowing of the enforced vacation, but they were turned away and not permitted to enter the grounds. All measures possible will be taken by the health authorities, city and county, to prevent any spread of the malady.

Tremendous Rainfall Puts Lowlands Under from 4 to 10 Feet of Flood Waters from Uplands.

BENEFITS GRAIN, BEETS, GRAZING

Life Lost in Ordinarily Dry River -- 60,000 School Children Get Holidays -- No Transportation.

LOS ANGELES, Feb. 25.—One life lost, much was damage wrought, much good accomplished, covers rainfall of the last two days, which ceased temporarily this evening. The forecast is that it will continue to night. The fall is already 7.14 inches making the total for the season 12.99 inches, two inches more than normal.

Cecia Carney, nine year old son of an S. P. fireman, was playing on the bank of the Los Angeles river, fell in and their rushing waters carried him away. He was drowned before aid was possible. The body has not been recovered. Ordinarily the river is dry bottomed, but today, fed by storm waters from the mountains, it was more than three hundred feet wide near the business center of the city, and in some places thirty or more feet deep.

Orchardists ranchers and cattlemen received the downpour with general rejoicing, but the damage is estimated at some thousands of dollars, to others, principally to the steam and electric railways.

The street car service in the city is demoralized. 60,000 school children were given a holiday for the second day in succession because of difficulty in getting to school. Beet ranches and all lowlands between Los Angeles and Long Beach are under 4 to 10 feet of water for miles. Southern California rivers generally, fed by the storm water from the mountains are becoming serious menaces.

MASCARENAS IN EL PASO JAIL

Held to Face Federal Charges of Neutrality Violation at San Antonio

GOVERNOR OF SONORA

EL PASO, Feb. 25.—There is a real, live provisional governor of Sonora in the county jail. Manuel Mascareñas, Jr., a member of one of the wealthiest families in the state of Sonora, was placed under arrest at noon Monday by department of justice officers, including Jack Noonan and Deputy United States Marshal Frank Newman and special Agent Blanchard, of the department of justice.

Mascareñas is said to be wanted in San Antonio in connection with the alleged conspiracy of Emilio Vasquez Gomez to violate the neutrality laws. Mascareñas came here from Douglas Monday morning en route to Mexico City to urge his own appointment as provisional governor of Sonora in place of Governor Jose Maria Mayo rena, who has declared for the Maderistas.

The officers say that Mascareñas was arrested in company with Manuel Lujan. He will be arranged before United States Commissioner G. B. Oliver and his bond arranged. He will probably be taken to San Antonio to answer the charges against him.

SERIOUS CHARGES MADE.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 25.—The Asiatic exclusion league forwarded a letter to President Taft today charging Chas. Nagel, secretary of commerce and labor, with dereliction of duty. The league charges that Nagel disregarded the work of Daniel J. Keefe, commissioner of general immigration, and prevented him performing his duties faithfully in order to drive him from office to put a friend in his place.

REPUBLICAN LEADERS FAVOR RADICAL CHANGES IN MACHINERY OF THE PARTY



Senator E. Burton

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—(Special)—The proposed republican national convention to be held next fall for the discussion of primaries and reduction of southern representation, is the topic of much gossip among the statesmen of the capital. It is significant that Senator Root of New York Senator Burton of Ohio, and Senator Crane of Massachusetts, three of the most important figures in the last campaign, are in favor of such a convention.

"I am in favor of holding a republican convention at some convenient time next fall or winter," Senator Root declared, "for the purpose of doing two things: First, to make representation in national conventions proportional to the republican vote—that is, correcting the disproportion in what is

BRYAN AND BURLESON

These Are Leaders in the Cabinet That High Official Declared Last Night Had Been Chosen to Carry on the Work of the New Wilson Cabinet -- Indications Are That the Grouping Is Correct.

SECRETARY OF WAR DEPENDS ON GOETHALS

Late tonight a statement was made by one high in authority that the following cabinet selections would be positively made:

Secretary of state, Wm. J. Bryan.

Secretary of the treasury, Wm. H. McAdoo.

Secretary of the navy, Josephus H. Daniels.

Postmaster general, Albert Sidney Burleson.

Information from other sources gave assurance that Col. Geo. W. Goethals, chief engineer and chairman of the Panama Canal commission, was under consideration for secretary of war but the sources of this information was not disclosed.

From another source it is learned that the cabinet, as a whole, is completed with the exception of secretary of war and secretary of agriculture. The choice of William J. Bryan as secretary of state is looked upon as settled. Another appointment spoken of as certain is that of representative Albert S. Burleson of Texas for post master general, although it is said Burleson might be shifted to secretary of the interior; before the personnel of the cabinet is announced.

JACK JOHNSON HAS PNEUMONIA

CHICAGO, Feb. 25.—The trial of Jack Johnson on smuggling charges was postponed indefinitely by Judge Carpenter of the United States district court today because of the prize fighter's serious illness with pneumonia.

WILL DEMAND PROTECTION

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—A demand on the government for adequate troops to protect El Paso and other border points will be made tomorrow either through the senate foreign affairs committee or upon the floor of the senate.

ORDER AIR MEN OUT

AUGUSTA, Ga., Feb. 25.—Orders were received tonight by Capt. De Forest Chandler, in charge of the army aviation camp here, to report immediately with all officers, men and machines at Galveston. Preparations to entrain were begun immediately.

CONVICTS' LIQUOR IS FOR SIMS

Shameless Excuse Framed for Purchases at Florence Bars, Humiliating to Dregs for Sims.

WEEDEN AND OTHERS WANT RIGHT OR NONE

Take Pen Away, Is Declaration -- Hunt Involved in Sales Violating Law--Look to Situation.

PHOENIX, Feb. 25.—Although both branches of the legislature devoted hours today to regular legislative procedure, passing a bill prohibiting the sale of poison and a memorial to congress praying for investigation of the tuberculosis indigent situation in the southwest, and the senate passed the county fair bill and heard a new anti-cigarette measure, the greatest interest centered in the prison investigation by the joint committee.

R. H. Sims, warden state prison, Parole Clerk Sanders, secretary of prison, Wanslee and Matt Bryan, testified on behalf of the prison management after which Charles Osborn, secretary board of control, Knott Guild, of Red Rock, Colonel Tom Weeden and Price, Florence merchant also testified.

The evidence of Sims was a great disappointment. He admitted the truth of Elyng, the murderer, having been permitted to drive into Florence with Kate Harward; but he denied that honor men, generally are permitted to go and come in Florence without guard.

He denied that Jack Munroe had ever been outside of the prison, except under guard and said that Bob Anderson, the Gila county convict, was trusted at the prison when he took charge.

It developed from Sims' testimony that when Anderson bought liquor at a Florence bar, he did so for Sims. He admitted that several instances had come to his attention where convicts in road camps had secured liquor and become intoxicated. He drew a distinction between honor men and trustees, and said it was the trustees of the state prison, who were permitted to go about in citizen's attire.

According to testimony he gave the gravity of the offense with which a convict was accused did not in any way affect the right of the prisoner to be made an honor man. Sims then discussed several special instances where convicts had been permitted to go and come without guard, described the circumstances and gave it as his opinion that the present system was, in his judgment, the best way to handle the state prison. It developed that Sims had been purchasing supplies for the prison and later reported his action to the board of control which gave its approval.

One of the purchases was a bill of goods from the Old Dominion Co. at Globe, in which Governor Hunt is a large stockholder. A mild sensation was created when Osborn, secretary of the board of control, said that the board had approved of this purchase in the face of the state statute prohibiting any member of the board to benefit in any contract for the purchase of goods.

The testimony of Sanders, parole clerk, largely confirmed the evidence given by Sims as to gentlemanly conduct of honor men. Bryan, captain of guard, gave testimony that all convicts except trustees were at all times under guard, but on inquiry said that men under sentence of death had been given privilege of the prison yard and even allowed to assist around the administration office.

It had been charged in the testimony that Wanslee, secretary of prison had charged a certain Florence merchant 10 per cent to collect a bill due him and Wanslee went on the stand today and admitted the transaction but declared that he acted not as a prison official but as a private individual.

In concluding for Florence petitioners, Weeden bitterly assailed the prison management and declared hope that relief would be given residents of the city of which he is mayor and laws on the statute books concerning confinement of prisoners under sentence be enforced or the prison removed.

It seems probable the committee will agree to a report demanding that Governor Hunt instruct Sims to keep from the streets of Florence state prison convicts unless they be in convict attire, guarded.